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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,003	06/13/2006	Edson Begliomini	13779-69	6373
	7590 06/14/201 ER, GILSON & LION	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1340			LEVY, NEIL S	
MORRISVILLE, NC 27560			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1615	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/14/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/583,003	BEGLIOMINI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	NEIL LEVY	1615				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
	VIC OFT TO EVEIDE AMONTHY	C) OD THIDTY (20) DAVC				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 A</u>	oril 2010.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-41</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>41</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-40</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-41</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/13/06</u> .	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, species a) T = CH for formula I b) R = L halogen for formula I C) R1 = L haloalkyl for formula II d) fungi e) insects f) thiophanatemethyl in the reply filed on 4/20/2010 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that There is a special technical feature of all claims.

. This is not found persuasive because Seeds are not seen as US patentable subject matter, and no technical feature is seen as tying seeds and the compositions together. However, examiner agrees with applicant's attorney that the dependent claims to application to seeds are examinable, and part of Group I.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim41 IS withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 4/20/2010

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claim19 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

claim 19 depends on 19.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 15-17, 20, 22-40 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over MULLER et al 5869517 and BUNTAIN et al EPO295117.

At MULLER see Formula 1.1, Table 5, the instant Formula I, when one line at

Table A is a halogen; numbers 2-5, 8-17 for example, at column 21, meet the instant I.

These compounds control fungi, insects, arachnids and nematodes (col 28, lines 48-

50). Actives are 0.0001 to 95%, with carriers of liquid or solid (col 33).

Application is to fungi, seed plants or soil (col 34, lines 20-45) at 0.02-3kg/ha, with other pesticides at a ratio of 1:10 to 10:1.

Insect species includes heliothis virescens (col 28, line 67).

The instant Formula II is not specified. BUNTAIN at compounds 51-54, are the instant Formula II, effective for nematode, arachnid and insect control such as heliothis

virescens (page 5, lines 6, 7). Application is in liquid or solid carrier (page 5, lines 50-61) to plants, soil, and seed. Application rates is 0.00001-95% (page 8, lines 6-10) with other pesticides.

Both formulae control insects such as heliothis species, and thus it would be obvious to combine them using the same carriers at the ratio taught by MULLER of 1:10 to 10:1, in order to enhance efficacy of control. Further, the composition as such would also control fungi, thus providing the added benefit of dual pest control with one application.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made desiring to utilize pest control means, to use any of art recognized means, as of MULLER and BUNTAIN modified as desired to increase stability, dispersibility, compatability of ingredients, processing ease, & toxicity.

All the critical elements of the instant are disclosed. The amounts and proportions of each ingredient are result effective parameters chosen to obtain the desired effects. It would be obvious to vary the form of each ingredient to optimize the effect desired, depending upon the particular species and application method of interest, reduction of toxicity, cost minimization, enhanced, and prolonged, or synergistic effects.

Applicant has not provided any objective evidence of criticality, nonobvious or unexpected results that the administration of the particular ingredients' or

concentrations provides any greater or different level of prior art expectation as claimed, and the use of ingredient for the functionality for which they are known to be used is not basis for patentability.

The instant invention provides well known old art recognized compounds, with well known art recognized effects, applied by well known art recognized methods to achieve improved control as is well known in the art.

Claims 15-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over MULLER et al 5869517 and BUNTAIN et al EPO295117 as applied to claims 15 above, and further in view of BROWN et al 5747516

The instant compositions and methods are obvious over BUNTAIN AND MULLER (above) but the claimed added fungicide was not presented. BROWN shows the advantage of added fungicides, of the instant claim 19 thiophanat—methyl, the elected species (col. 61, top) with instant Formula II fipronil (col. 60, lines 49). One could in one application, apply fungicide & insecticide with a mix of fungicides providing a wider spectrum of action and control of resistant fungi (col. 61, lines 12-15). Application is as in MULLER and BUNTAIN (col. 61, lines 16-30) at the instant rates.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made desiring to control fungus & insects of crops, to use MULLER and BUNTAIN modified with additional antifungal actives in order to protect against resistant fungi.

Double Patenting

Claim 15-18, 22, 23, 26, 29, 32, 35, 38 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 35-37, 40, 41 of copending Application No. 121524137 as US 2010/0105669. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because The instant claims are anticipated by 121524137.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422

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F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to NEIL LEVY whose telephone number is 571-272-0619. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday, 7 AM to 5:30 PM EST..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, ROBERT A. WAX can be reached on 571-272-0623. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/NEIL LEVY/ ART UNIT 1615

6/10/2010